

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 28-May-2015 Revision Date 27-Apr-2021 Version I

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product Name Nickel/Cobalt Alloy Non-Respirable Powder

Other means of identification

Product Code PM015 UN/ID No. 3077

Synonyms Nickel / Cobalt Alloy Non-Respirable Powder, including but not limited to: ATI Ni-15Co

PM™ Powder, ATI 247LC™ Powder, ATI 718Plus® Alloy Powder, ATI LR PM™ Powder, ATI® Astroloy PM Powder, ATI 10 PM™ Powder, ATI Rene 95™ Powder, ATI 939 Alloy Powder, ATI 720 PM™Powder, ATI GTD-222™ Alloy Powder, Rene 65™ Alloy Powder, Rene 88DT Powder, ATI ME16 Powder, Waspalloy Powder, and MISC-N Powder

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended Use
Alloy product manufacture.

Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address

ATI, 1000 Six PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA

15222 USA

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause cancer

Suspected of causing genetic defects

May damage fertility or the unborn child

Causes damage to the respiratory tract through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Very toxic to aquatic life

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



Appearance Powder Physical state Solid Odor Odorless

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wear protective gloves

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Avoid breathing dust/fume

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Avoid release to the environment

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Precautionary Statements - Response

Collect spillage

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

When product is subjected to welding, burning, melting, sawing, brazing, grinding, buffing, polishing, or other similar heat-generating processes, the following potentially hazardous airborne particles and/or fumes may be generated: Titanium dioxide an IARC Group 2B carcinogen. Hexavalent Chromium (Chromium VI) may cause lung, nasal, and/or sinus cancer. Vanadium pentoxide (V2O5) affects eyes, skin, respiratory system. Soluble molybdenum compounds such as molybdenum trioxide may cause lung irritation.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms

Nickel / Cobalt Alloy Non-Respirable Powder, including but not limited to: ATI Ni-15Co PM™ Powder, ATI 247LC™ Powder, ATI 718Plus® Alloy Powder, ATI LR PM™ Powder, ATI® Astroloy PM Powder, ATI 10 PM™ Powder, ATI Rene 95™ Powder, ATI 939 Alloy Powder, ATI 720 PM™Powder, ATI GTD-222™ Alloy Powder, Rene 65™ Alloy Powder, Rene 88DT Powder, ATI ME16 Powder, Waspalloy Powder, and MISC-N Powder.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Nickel	7440-02-0	49 - 68

Chromium	7440-47-3	0 - 32
Cobalt	7440-48-4	2.5 - 25
Iron	7439-89-6	0 - 19
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	0 - 10
Tungsten	7440-33-7	0 - 10
Niobium (Columbium)	7440-03-1	0 - 10
Tantalum	7440-25-7	0 - 6
Titanium	7440-32-6	0 - 6
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0 - 6
Hafnium	7440-58-6	0 - 2
Vanadium	7440-62-2	0 - 2

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

Eye contact In the case of particles coming in contact with eyes during processing, treat as with any

foreign object.

Skin Contact In the case of skin allergic reactions see a physician. Wash off immediately with soap and

plenty of water.

Inhalation If excessive amounts of smoke, fume, or particulate are inhaled during processing, remove

to fresh air and consult a qualified health professional. In the case of asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties call a physician:

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled. May cause acute gastrointestinal effects if swallowed.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Product not flammable in the form as distributed, flammable as finely divided particles or pieces resulting from processing of this product. Isolate large fires and allow to burn out. Smother small fires with salt (NaCl).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not spray water on burning metal as an explosion may occur. This explosive

characteristic is caused by the hydrogen and steam generated by the reaction of water with

the burning material.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Intense heat. Very fine, high surface area material resulting from processing this product may ignite spontaneously at room temperature. WARNING: Fine particles of this product may form combustible dust-air mixtures. Keep particles away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks, and flame. Prevent dust accumulations to minimize combustible dust hazard.

Hazardous combustion products Titanium dioxide an IARC Group 2B carcinogen. Hexavalent Chromium (Chromium VI) may

cause lung, nasal, and/or sinus cancer. Vanadium pentoxide (V2O5) affects eyes, skin, respiratory system. Soluble molybdenum compounds such as molybdenum trioxide may

cause lung irritation.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

North America; English

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment as required.

For emergency responders Use personal protective equipment as required. Follow Emergency Response Guidebook,

Guide No. 171, EXCEPT for FIRE follow Emergency Response Guidebook, Guide No. 170.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Collect spillage to prevent release to the environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Sweep or shovel material into dry containers. Avoid creating uncontrolled dust.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Very fine, high surface area material resulting from grinding, buffing, polishing, or similar Advice on safe handling

processes of this product may ignite spontaneously at room temperature. WARNING: Fine particles of this product may form combustible dust-air mixtures. Keep particles away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks, and flame. Prevent dust accumulations to

minimize combustible dust hazard.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Chaminal Name

Storage Conditions Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric

motors and static electricity).

Dissolves in hydrofluoric acid. Ignites in the presence of fluorine. When heated above Incompatible materials

200°C, reacts exothermically with the following: Chlorine, bromine, halocarbons, carbon

tetrachloride, carbon tetrafluoride, and freon.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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Control parameters

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Nickel	TWA: 1.5 mg/m³ inhalable fraction	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
7440-02-0		
Chromium	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
7440-47-3		
Cobalt	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ Co	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ dust and fume
7440-48-4		
Iron	-	-
7439-89-6		
Tungsten	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ STEL: 10 mg/m ³ W	(vacated) STEL: 10 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL:
7440-33-7	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 mg/m ³ W	10 mg/m³ W
Niobium (Columbium)	-	-
7440-03-1		
Molybdenum	TWA: 10 mg/m³ inhalable fraction	-
7439-98-7	TWA: 3 mg/m³ respirable fraction	
Titanium	-	-
7440-32-6		

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North America; English

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Tantalum	-	TWA: 5 mg/m ³
7440-25-7		-
Aluminum	TWA: 1 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust
7429-90-5		TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction
Vanadium	-	Ceiling: 0.5 mg/m3 V2O5 respirable dust
7440-62-2		Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m³ V2O5 fume
Hafnium	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ Hf	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³
7440-58-6		

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Avoid generation of uncontrolled particles.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection When airborne particles may be present, appropriate eye protection is recommended. For

example, tight-fitting goggles, foam-lined safety glasses or other protective equipment that

shield the eyes from particles.

Skin and body protection Fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing may be appropriate during hot work with the product.

Wear protective gloves.

Respiratory protection When particulates/fumes/gases are generated and if exposure limits are exceeded or

irritation is experienced, proper approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant

concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local

regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateSolidAppearancePowderOdorOdorlessColorMetallic gray or silverOdor thresholdNot applicable

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH - Not applicable

Melting point / freezing point 1400-1540 °C / 2560-2800 °F Boiling point / boiling range -

Flash point / boiling range -

Evaporation rate - Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) - Product not flammable in the form as distributed, flammable as finely divided particles or pieces

resulting from processing of this product

Not applicable

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: -

Vapor pressure-Not applicableVapor density-Not applicable

Specific Gravity 8.0-8.5 Water solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature -

Autoignition temperature-Not applicableDecomposition temperature-Not applicableKinematic viscosity-Not applicableDynamic viscosity-Not applicableNot applicableNot applicable

Explosive properties Not applicable Oxidizing properties Not applicable

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Other Information

Softening point -

Molecular weight

VOC Content (%) Not applicable

Density - Bulk density -

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not applicable

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Dust formation and dust accumulation.

Incompatible materials

Dissolves in hydrofluoric acid. Ignites in the presence of fluorine. When heated above 200°C, reacts exothermically with the following: Chlorine, bromine, halocarbons, carbon tetrachloride, carbon tetrafluoride, and freon.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

When product is subjected to welding, burning, melting, sawing, brazing, grinding, buffing, polishing, or other similar heat-generating processes, the following potentially hazardous airborne particles and/or fumes may be generated: Titanium dioxide an IARC Group 2B carcinogen. Hexavalent Chromium (Chromium VI) may cause lung, nasal, and/or sinus cancer. Vanadium pentoxide (V2O5) affects eyes, skin, respiratory system. Soluble molybdenum compounds such as molybdenum trioxide may cause lung irritation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation May cause cancer. Cobalt-containing alloys may cause sensitization by inhalation. Causes

damage to the respiratory tract through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Nickel 7440-02-0	> 9000 mg/kg bw	-	> 10.2 mg/L
Chromium 7440-47-3	> 3400 mg/kg bw	-	> 5.41 mg/L
Cobalt 7440-48-4	550 mg/kg bw	>2000 mg/kg bw	<0.05 mg/L
Iron 7439-89-6	98,600 mg/kg bw	-	> 0.25 mg/L
Tungsten 7440-33-7	> 2000 mg/kg bw	> 2000 mg/kg bw	> 5.4 mg/L
Niobium (Columbium)	> 10,000 mg/kg bw	> 2000 mg/kg bw	-

North America; English

7440-03-1			
Molybdenum 7439-98-7	> 2000 mg/kg bw	> 2000 mg/kg bw	> 5.10 mg/L
Titanium 7440-32-6	> 5000 mg/kg bw	-	-
Tantalum 7440-25-7	> 2000 mg/kg bw	> 2000 mg/kg bw	> 5.18 mg/L
Aluminum 7429-90-5	15,900 mg/kg bw	-	> 1 mg/L
Vanadium 7440-62-2	> 2000 mg/kg bw	-	-
Hafnium 7440-58-6	> 5000 mg/kg bw	-	>4.3mg/L

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms May cause sensitization by skin contact. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause acute gastrointestinal effects if swallowed.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Cobalt-containing powders may be fatal if inhaled.

Skin corrosion/irritation Product not classified. **Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact. Cobalt-containing alloys may cause sensitization

by inhalation.

Germ cell mutagenicity Contains a suspected mutagen.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Nickel		Group 1	Known	X
7440-02-0		Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	
Chromium		Group 3		
7440-47-3				
Cobalt	A3	Group 2A	Known	X
7440-48-4		Group 2B		

Reproductive toxicityContains a known or suspected reproductive toxin.

STOT - single exposure Product not classified.

STOT - repeated exposure Causes disorder and damage to the: Respiratory System.

Aspiration hazard Product not classified.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains a chemical which, although not listed, meets the IMDG criteria for being a severe marine pollutant.

Ecotoxicity

This product as shipped is classified for aquatic acute toxicity. This product as shipped is classified for aquatic chronic toxicity.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Nickel	NOEC/EC10 values range	The 96h LC50s values range	The 30 min EC50 of nickel	The 48h LC50s values range
7440-02-0	from 12.3 µg/l for	from 0.4 mg Ni/L for	for activated sludge was 33	from 0.013 mg Ni/L for
	Scenedesmus accuminatus	Pimephales promelas to 320	mg Ni/L.	Ceriodaphnia dubia to 4970
	to 425 µg/l for	mg Ni/L for Brachydanio	_	mg Ni/L for Daphnia magna.
	Pseudokirchneriella	rerio.		
	subcapitata.			
Chromium	-	-	-	-
7440-47-3				
Cobalt	The 72 h EC50 of cobalt	The 96h LC50 of cobalt	The 3 h EC50 of cobalt	The 48 h LC50 of cobalt
7440-48-4	dichloride to	dichloride ranged from 1.5	dichloride for activated	dichloride ranged from 0.61
	Pseudokirchneriella	mg Co/L for Oncorhynchus	sludge was 120 mg of Co/L.	mg Co/L for Ceriodaphnia
	subcapitata was 144 ug of	mykiss to 85 mg Co/L for		dubia tested in soft,

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Iron 7439-89-6 Iron 7439-89-6 The 96 h LC50 of 50% iron oxide black in water to Danio rerio was greater than 10,000 mg/L. Tungsten 7440-33-7 Tungsten 7440-33-7 The 25 h EC50 of sodium tungstate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 31.0 mg of W.L. Niobium (Columbium) 7440-03-1 Molybderum 7439-98-7 The 72 h EC50 of sodium tungstate to Danio rerio was greater than 1000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of sodium tungstate to Danio rerio was greater than 1000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of sodium tungstate to Danio rerio was greater than 1000 mg/L. The 97 h LC50 of sodium tungstate to Danio rerio was greater than 1000 mg/L. The 98 h LC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 362.9 mg of Mol.L. Titanium 7440-32-6 The 72 h EC50 of titanium dioxide to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 67 mg fill 10,000 mg of TiO2/L. Tantalum 7440-32-7 Aluminum 7429-90-5 Aluminum 7429-90-5 Aluminum 7440-62-7 Aluminum 7440-62-2 pseudokirchnerella subcapitata in ARP-Medium at pf 16, 7, and 8 were estimated as 20, 15, 54, and 150.0 µg, Ir, respectively, for dissolved Al. Vanadium 7440-62-2 Vanadium 7440-62-2 The 75 h LC50 of vanadium pentoxide to Desmodesmus subspicatus was greater than 1000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of aluminum to Oncorhynchus mykiss was 7.4 mg of All. at pf 16.5 and 14.6 mg of All. at pf 16.5 and 14.6 ng of All. at pf 16.5		Co/L.	Danio rerio.		DOM-free water to >1800mg
Tungsten Tungsten Tungsten The 72 h EC50 of sodium tungstate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 31.0 mg of Mol. Titanium Tita		0.5.2.			Co/L for Tubifex tubifex in
Tungsten Tungsten The 72 h EC50 of sodium Tungstale to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 31.0 mg of WIL. Niobium (Columbium) T440-03-1 Molybdenum T439-98-7 The 72 h EC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 36.9 mg of Mo/L. The 96 h LC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 36.9 mg of Mo/L. The 72 h EC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 36.9 mg of Mo/L. The 96 h LC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 61 mg of TiC2/L. Tantalum T440-32-6 Tantalum T440-25-7 Aluminum T440-25-7 Aluminum T440-25-7 Aluminum T440-62-2 Name Ale C50 of vanadium pentoxide to Desmodesmus subspicatus was 2.90 rg of WIL. The 96 h LC50 of sidum molybdate dihydrate to Pimephales promelas was fe44.2 mg/L The 3 h EC50 of titanium dioxide to Cyprinodon variegatus was greater than 10.000 mg of TiC2/L. The 96 h LC50 of sidum molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater midioxide for activated sludge were greater than 1000 mg/L. The 3 h EC50 of titanium dioxide to Cyprinodon variegatus was greater than 10.000 mg of TiC2/L. The 96 h LC50 of titanium dioxide to Cyprinodon variegatus was greater than 10.000 mg of TiC2/L. The 96 h LC50 of aluminum dioxide to Pimephales promelas was greater than 1,000 mg of TiC2/L. The 96 h LC50 of aluminum dioxide to Pimephales promelas was greater than 1,000 mg of TiC2/L. The 48 h LC50 of Sodium molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater than 10,000 mg of TiC2/L. The 96 h LC50 of aluminum dioxide to Cyprinodon variegatus was greater than 1,000 mg of TiC2/L. The 96 h LC50 of sodium meloxide to Daphnia magna was greater than 1000 mg/L. The 48 h LC50 of Sodium molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater molybdate dihydrate to Daphnia magna was greater no 1000 mg/L. The 48 h LC50 of Sodium molybdate dihydrate to Dap		-	The 96 h LC50 of 50% iron	The 3 h EC50 of iron oxide	
Tungsten The 72 h EC50 of sodium tungstate to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 31.0 mg of WL. Titanium Titanium Tantalum Tanta	7439-89-6				
tungstate to Danio rerio was greater than 106 mg of W/L. Niobium (Columbium) 7440-03-1 Molybdenum 7439-98-7 Molybdenum 7439-98-7 Titanium 7440-32-6 Titanium 7440-32-6 Tantalum 7440-25-7 Aluminum 7440-25-7 Aluminum 7440-25-7 Aluminum 7440-26-2 Naminum 7440-28-6 The 96-h EC50 values for reduction of biomass of Pseudokirchneriella subcapitatia in AAP-Medium at pt 16, 7, and 8 were estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 50.05 µg of dissolved Al. Vanadium 7440-82-8 Vanadium 7440-82-8 The 72 h EC50 of faminum pentoxide to Desired desired as beginner as the pertoxide to Desmodesmus subspicatus was 2,907 up of V/L. The 96 h LC50 of vanadium pentoxide to Desmodesmus subspicatus was 2,907 up of V/L. The 96 h LC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pimephales promelas was greater than 1,727 8 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of titanium dioxide to Cyprinodon variegatus was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of titanium dioxide to Pimephales promelas was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of titanium dioxide to Pimephales promelas was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of aluminum to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata in AAP-Medium at pt 16, 7, and 8 were estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 50 vere estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 50 vere estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 500 vere estimate			10,000 mg/L.		
Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 31.0 mg of W/L. Niobium (Columbium) 7440-03-1 Molybdenum 7439-98-7 Molybdenum 7439-98-7 The 72 h EC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 362.9 mg of Moly. The 72 h EC50 of titanium dioxide to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 61 mg of TiO2/L. Tantalum 7440-32-6 Tantalum 7440-25-7 Aluminum The 96-h EC50 values for 7429-90-5 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was of pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was for molybdate for prediction of biomass of Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was for molybdate for prediction of biomass of Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was greater than 1.000 mg of TiO2/L. The 48 h LC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pimephales promelas was greater than 1.727.8 mg/L. The 3 h EC50 of titanium dioxide to Cyprinodon variegatus was greater than 1.000 mg of TiO2/L. Tantalum 7440-25-7 Aluminum The 96-h EC50 values for reduction of biomass of Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata in AAP-Medium 4 pf H 6, 7, and 8 were estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 150.6 µg/L, respectively, for dissolved Al. Vanadium The 72 h EC50 of tanium pentoxide to Desmodesmus subspicatus was 2.907 ug of V/L. Hafnium The 72 h EC50 of Infanium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was great than 8 ug of H/fL (100% saturated was greater than the solubility limit of 0.007 mg					
Niobium (Columbium) 7440-03-1 The 72 h EC50 of sodium molybdate dihydrate to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 362.9 mg of Mo/L. The 72 h EC50 of titanium dioxide to Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata was 68 mg of TiO2/L. Tantalum T440-32-6 Tantalum T440-25-7 Tantalum T440-25-7 Aluminum at pH 6, 7, and 8 were estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 150.6 µg/L, respectively, for dissolved Al. The 72 h EC50 of hafnium 7440-58-6 The 72 h EC50 of hafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 61 mg of V/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of aluminum at pH 6, 7, and 8 were estimated as 20.1, 5.4, and 150.6 µg/L, respectively, for dissolved Al. The 72 h EC50 of hafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 20.9 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of vanadium pentoxide to Desmodesmus subspicatus was 2,907 w/L. The 96 h LC50 of titanium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 20.9 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of titanium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 20.9 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was greater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was preater than 1,000 mg of TiO2/L. The 96 h LC50 of paylica plants was plants was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of thafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Hafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Hafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Hafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Hafnium to Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Malica plants was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Malica plants was 2,000 mg/L. The 96 h LC50 of Malica plants was 2,000 mg/L.	7440-33-7				
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ug of Hf/L (100% saturated solubility limit of 0.007 mg solubility limit of 0.007 mg	/ 440-36-0				
		solution).	Hf/L .		Hf/L.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Chemical Name	RCRA - D Series Wastes
Chromium	5.0 mg/L regulatory level
7440-47-3	

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID No. 3077

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (cobalt alloy powder) [include "nickel"

and ", RQ" if RQ is exceeded]

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group III

Reportable Quantity (RQ) "(RQ)", if quantity with particles smaller than 100 micrometers (0.004 inches) in an

individual package equals or exceeds the reportable quantity (RQ) of 5000 pounds of

chromium or 100 pounds of nickel.

Special Provisions 8, 146, 335, A112, B54, B120, IB8, IP3, N20, N91, T1, TP33

Marine pollutant This product contains a chemical which, although not listed, meets the IMDG criteria for

being a severe marine pollutant.

Emergency Response Guide

Number

Guide No. 171, Except for FIRE follow Guide No. 170

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Complies **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Complies Complies **EINECS/ELINCS** Complies **ENCS** Complies **IECSC** Complies **KECL PICCS** Not Listed **AICS** Not Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Nickel - 7440-02-0	7440-02-0	49 - 68	0.1
Chromium - 7440-47-3	7440-47-3	0 - 32	1.0
Cobalt - 7440-48-4	7440-48-4	2.5 - 25	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard

Yes

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Chronic Health HazardYesFire hazardNoSudden release of pressure hazardNoReactive HazardNo

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Nickel		X	X	
7440-02-0				
Chromium		X	X	
7440-47-3				

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	
Nickel 7440-02-0	100 lb	
Chromium 7440-47-3	5000 lb	

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the Proposition 65 chemicals listed below. Proposition 65 warning label available at ATImetals.com.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Nickel - 7440-02-0	Carcinogen	
Cobalt - 7440-48-4	Carcinogen	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Nickel 7440-02-0	Х	Х	X
Chromium 7440-47-3	Х	Х	X
Cobalt 7440-48-4	Х	Х	Х
Tungsten 7440-33-7	Х	Х	X
Molybdenum 7439-98-7	Х	Х	Х
Titanium 7440-32-6	Х		
Tantalum 7440-25-7	Х	Х	Х
Aluminum 7429-90-5	Х	Х	Х
Vanadium 7440-62-2	Х	Х	Х
Hafnium 7440-58-6	Х	Х	Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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PM015 Nickel/Cobalt Alloy Non-Respirable Powder

Revision Date 27-Apr-2021

Instability 0 **NFPA** Health hazards 1 Flammability 0 **Physical and Chemical**

Properties -

HMIS Health hazards 2* Flammability 1 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection X

Chronic Hazard Star Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard

Issue Date 28-May-2015 **Revision Date** 27-Apr-2021

Revision Note

SDS sections updated: 1, 2, 3, 11, 14

Note:

The information provided in this safety data sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Additional information available

Safety data sheets and labels available at ATImetals.com

from:

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